GENERAL NOTES:

1. MAINTAIN POSITIVE AIR PRESSURE (0.01 INCH WATER COLUMN [2.5 PASCAL]) BETWEEN THE PE ROOM AND THE SPACES THAT ARE NOT THE PE ROOMS INCLUDING THE CORRIDOR BY MODULATING VALVE V1. PE ROOMS SHALL HAVE A PERMANENTLY INSTALLED DEVICE AND/OR MECHANISM TO CONSTANTLY MONITOR THE DIFFERENTIAL AIR PRESSURE BETWEEN THE PATIENT ROOM AND THE CORRIDOR. A LOCAL VISUAL MEANS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO INDICATE WHENEVER POSITIVE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE IS NOT MAINTAINED. (STROBE LIGHT)

2. MAINTAIN THE ATTACHED TOILET, IF ANY, AT NEGATIVE AIR PRESSURE WITH RESPECT TO THE PE ROOM. HOWEVER, THE DESIGN NEED NOT INCLUDE A PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL SENSOR FOR VERIFICATION.

3. LOCATE THE SUPPLY AIR OUTLET OVER THE PATIENT BED ON THE CEILING WITHOUT CREATING A DRAFT CAUSING PATIENT DISCOMFORT. LOCATE RETURN AIR INLET NEAR THE ROOM DOOR.

TYPICAL AIR BALANCE EXAMPLE:

1. THE PATIENT BEDROOM IS KEPT UNDER POSITIVE PRESSURE BY ENSURING AIR MOVEMENT FROM THE BEDROOM SPACE AND THE ADJOINING CORRIDOR.

2. THE SUPPLY AIR SYSTEM SHALL CONSIST OF THE CONSTANT VOLUME AIR DELIVERY FROM A DEDICATED AIR TERMINAL UNIT WITH HEAT COIL TO THE ISOLATION SUITE, AS FOLLOWS:

   A - PATIENT BEDROOM
   12 ACH (MINIMUM—ASHRAE STANDARD 170 2008). INCREASE THE SUPPLY AIR VOLUME IF REQUIRED TO MEET THE INSIDE DESIGN CONDITIONS IN COOLING AND/OR HEATING MODE.
   EXAMPLE: 400 CFM [190 L/S]

   B - PATIENT TOILET
   DO NOT SUPPLY AIR INTO THE TOILET. DRAIN MAKE-UP AIR FROM THE PATIENT'S BEDROOM AND EXHAUST AT THE RATE OF 10 ACH OR 60 CFM [28 L/S]. EXAMPLE: 60 CFM [28 L/S]

   C - RETURN AIR FROM PATIENT ROOM
   400 CFM [189 L/S] (SUPPLY AIR) – 100 CFM [47 L/S] TO CORRIDOR + 60 CFM [28 L/S] TO TOILET) = 240 CFM [115 L/S] SETTING OF AFCV V1, IN THE RA DUCT.

AIR SYSTEM FOR PROTECTIVE ENVIRONMENT ROOM (PE) (WITHOUT ANTEROOM)

DESIGNER'S NOTE:

1. ENSURE FINAL DESIGN REFLECTS PROJECT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS AND MEETS ASHRAE 170, LATEST EDITION WITH ALL ADDENDUMS.